

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Polywood Profiles Private Limited

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of POLYWOOD PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) as specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements find as and the code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Financial Statements.

A. Revenue Recognition

Key Audit Matter Description

The Company's revenue is principally derived from sale of products of Extruded PVC Profile Sections. Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the control of the products being sold is transferred to the customer and when there are no unfulfilled obligations. The performance obligations in the contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on terms of order / contract with the customer. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable after deduction of any trade/volume discounts and taxes or duties collected.

We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter since revenue is significant to the interest statements and is required to be recognized as per the requirements of applicable accounting framework.

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How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

- We assessed the appropriateness of the revenue recognition accounting policies by comparing them with applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).
- · Evaluated the process followed by the management for revenue recognition including understanding and testing of key controls related to recognition of revenue in correct period.
- Performed substantive testing on samples selected using statistical sampling of revenue transactions, recorded during the year by testing the underlying documents to determine whether revenue has been recognized correctly.
- Tested, on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the financial year end date including examination of credit notes issued after the year end to determine whether the revenue has been recognized in the appropriate financial period, and timely. Based on the above stated procedures, no significant exceptions were noted in revenue recognition.

B. Inventory Existence and Valuation

Key Audit Matter Description

Inventory is held in various locations by the Company. There are complexities and manual process involved in determining inventory quantities on hand and valuation of the same due to the Company's presence across different locations within the country, diverse & numerous inventory products and work in progress at different stages of the processes. Therefore inventory quantities and valuation is identified as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

- · We have attended inventory counts, which we selected based on financial significance and risk, observed management's inventory count procedures to assess the effectiveness, selected a sample of inventory products and compared the quantities counted to the quantities recorded and ensured inventory adjustments, if any, are recorded in the books of accounts.
- Assessed whether the management's internal controls relating to inventory's valuation are appropriately designed and implemented.
- Discussed with the management on the management's process of identifying the stages of completion and valuing work in progress stock at the time of book closure process.
- Verified the correctness of valuation made by the management on a sample basis, with regard to the cost and net realizable value of inventory.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian accounting standards) Rules 2015, as amended from time to time.

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This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies, making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis
 for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures
 made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the
 Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued there under;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors of the Company as on 31st March, 2020, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report:
 - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuncration for the year ended March 31, 2020 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Financial Statements; i.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts, hence, the question of any material foreseeable losses does not arise;
 - iii. There were no amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For SINGHAL R. & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn No.: 007808C)

(CA RAHULIKUMAR JAIN)

Partner

Membership No.: 421586 UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159

Place: Jaipur

Date: 28th July 2020

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ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in Paragraph I under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date to the members of POLYWOOD PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED on the Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st March 2020, we report that:

- (i) In respect of its Property, plant and equipment:
 - a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets (Property, plant and equipment) on the basis of available information.
 - b. As explained to us, all the fixed assets (Property, plant and equipment) have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. According to information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - c. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deeds and lease agreements provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land (freehold and/or leasehold), are held in the name of the Company as at the Balance Sheet date.
- (ii) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) As per information and explanation given to us, the Company has granted unsecured loans to companies covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - a. In respect of loan granted to the body corporate, the terms and conditions of the loans are prima facie not prejudicial to the interest of the company.
 - b. The terms of arrangement do not stipulate any repayment schedule. The borrower has been regular in the payment of interest as stipulated.
 - c. As there is no specified repayment schedule of the loan granted to the body corporate, the clause (iii) (c) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under clause 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) According to the information and explanation given to us in respect of statutory dues:
 - a. The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
 - b. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Incometax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material started dues in arrears at at 31st March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable 1990.

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- c. There were no dues pending to be deposited on account of any dispute in respect of Income Tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax, Custom Duty, Service Tax, Excise Duty, Cess, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax etc.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to banks and financial institutions. Company has not taken any loan or borrowing from Government and has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of the term loans have been applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which they were raised, other than temporary deployment pending application of proceeds. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid/provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 188 and 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors of Directors of its subsidiary companies or persons connected with him.

(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

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For SINGHAL R. & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn No.: <u>0</u>07808C)

(CA RAHUI/KUMAR JAIN)

Partner

Membership No.: 421586 UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159

Place: Jaipur

Date: 28th July 2020

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ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in Paragraph 2(f) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of POLYWOOD PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the "Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting" (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material mis-statement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of Management and Directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisinon ace, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For SINGHAL R. & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn No.: 007808C)

(CA RAHUL KUMAR JAIN

Partner

Mcmbership No.; 421586 UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159

Place: Jaipur

Date: 28th July 2020

Head Office: 146, MANGAL VIHAR, GOPALPURA BYEPASS ROAD, JAIPUR-302018

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POLYWOOD PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET As at 31st March, 2020

)	Particulars of the rest of the second of the	Note	As at	Asat
	ASSETS		31 March, 2020	31 March, 20
	Non-current Assets]	
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	72000440	070.0
	(b) Capital work-in-progress	"	33960449	37212
	(c) Other intangible assets	1	"	1253
	(d) Financial Assets	1	0	
	(i) Investments	۱ .		
	(ii) Loans	5	2500	2!
	(iii) Others	1 °	32579175	2533
	(e) other non-current assets	1	0	
	Total-Non-current asse		0 66542124	44000
	Current assets	-	06542124	410023
	(a) Inventories	7	25740000	05000
	(b) Financial Assets	1 '	2574 8383	253929
	(i) Trade receivables	8	20505004	
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	39536621	365869
	(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	"	507618	3601
	(iv) Loans	. 10	400000	
	(v) Others	11	488000	5110
	(c) Other current assets	12	813326	8329
	Total Current asset		904606	2413
	Total Asset		67998554	639254
	(Mai Asset	` 	134540678	1049277
- 1	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1		
	Equity	1 1		
ı	(a) Equity Share capital	13	465000	40ro
ı	(b) Other Equity	14	77731748	4650
	Total Equit		78196748	569462 574112
ı	LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	10130740	3/41/2
	Non-current Liabilities		İ	
ŀ	(a) Financial Liabilities			
ł	(i) Borrowings	15	ا	
I	(ii) Other financial liabilities	16	Š	
	(b) Provisions	17	1590716	45400
Į((c) Deferred tax liablities (net)	18	1865748	15493
1	d) Other non-current liabilities	'	1003740	23871
	Total Non current liabilities	 - 	3456466	39365
C	Current Liabilities		3430400	393631
į(a) Financial Liabilities			
Ì	(i) Borrowings	19	26190464	405050
ı	(ii) Trade Payables	20	20190404	1952527
	- Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises	20	2202440	
ı	- Dues to Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises		3302448	272170
l	(iii) Other financial liabilities	1 , 1	11846621	833486
l(t	o) Other current liabilities	21	2698958	256798
	Provisions	22	2473251	406767
	f) Current tax liabilities (Net)	23	5341305	461552
Ė		24	1034417	174691
Г	Total Current liabilities		52887464	4357993
Se	Total Equity and Liabilities ee accompanying notes to the financial statements	41.	134540676	10492773
_	A Secretary of the mention of statements	1 to 42		

In terms of our report attached. For Singhal R. & Associates Chartered Accountants

MANGAYVIHAR GOPA DUPA BYE PASS RCAD

JAIPUR-302018

SED ACT.

Firm Regn. No<u>.</u> 007808C

(RAHUL KUMAR JAIN) Partner

M. No. 421586 UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159

Place : Jaipur Date : 28th July,2020 For POLYWOOD PROFILES PVT LTD

(ATUL KUMAR JAIN)

Director Din No. 01862747 (ANITA DHABRIYA)

Director

Din No. 00359317

	STATEMENT OF PROFIT AN For the year ended on 31st Marc	D LOSS		
SI. No.	Particulars Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31 March, 2020	For the year ended 31 March, 2019
	Revenue	0.5	307974534	258846619
	Revenue from Operations	25	436421	206028
ı	Other income	26	308410955	259052648
11	Total Income (I + II)		308410955	233032040
V	Expenses (a) Cost of materials consumed (b) Purchase of Stock in Trade	27 28	195539751 4179835	151725824 6472928
	(c) Changes in inventories of finished goods, WIP and stock-in-trade	29	847858	(3576449)
	(d) Employee benefits expense	30	37991091	33604741
	(e) Finance costs	31	2637054	2819385
	(f) Depreciation and amortisation expense	32	5120614	5986643
	(a) Other expenses	33	33958746	35323685
			280274949	232356758
	Total Expenses (IV) Profit before Taxes (III - IV)	\top	28136006	26695889
V VI	Tax expenses / (credit) (a) Current tax expense for current year (b) Deferred tax	24	7700000 (547159) 274185	7360000 91466 256892
	(c) Previous year tax		7427026	7708358
	Total Tax		20708980	18987532
VII	Profit for the period (V - VI)	- 	20708980	10301002
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	1		
	Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		102197	207449
	- Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities		(25721)	(57712
	- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		76476	
	Other Comprehensive Income for the period After Tax		20785455	19137268
ΙX	Total Comprehensive Income for the period After Tax (VII + VIII)	34	20765455	1013120
Х	Earnings per share (of Rs.10/- each): Basic & Diluted		445.35	408.33
-	See accompanying notes to the financial statements	1 to 42	<u> </u>	L

in terms of our report attached.
For Singhal R. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No. 007808C

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ESED ACCO

(RAHUL KUMAR JAIN)

Partner M, No. 421586 UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159

Place : Jaipur Date : 28th July, 2020 For POLYWOOD PROFILES PVT LTD

(ATUL KUMAR JAIN) Director

Din No. 01862747

(ANITA DHABRIYA) Director

Din No. 00359317

POLYWOOD PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended on 31st March, 2020 A. Equity share capital Particulars Amount Balance as at April 1, 2018 465000 Changes in equity share capital during the year Balance as at 31st March, 2019 465000 Changes in equity share capital during the year Balance as at 31st March, 2020 465000 B. Other Equity Other Equity Reserve and Surplus Particulars Amount Retained Earrning General Reserve Account Balance as at April 1, 2018 37809024 37809024 1. Profit for the year 0 18987532 18987532 2. Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax 0 149736 149736 Total Comprehensive income for the year 0 19137268 19137268 3. Gratuity Expenses Provisions 0 0 0 4. Deffered Tax on Gratuity not provided in earlier 0 0 5. Transfer to / (from) Retained earnings 19137268 (19137268) 0 Balance as at 31st March, 2019 56946292 0 56946292 1. Profit for the year ٥ 20708980 20708980 2. Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax 0 76476 76476 Total Comprehensive Income for the year a 20785456 20785456 3. Transfer to / (from) Retained Earnings 20785456 (20785456) Balance as at 31st March, 2020 77731748 0 77731748 R. & 455 In terms of our report attached, For Singhal R. & Associates Chartered Accountants MANGAL WHAR For POLYWOOD PROFILES PVT LTD Firm Regn. No. 007808C GOPAL BYE PAR (AHUL KUMAR JAIN) (ATOL RUMAR JAIN) (ANITA DHABRIYA) Partner Director Director M. No. 421586 Din No. 01862747 Din No. 00359317 UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159 Place : Jaipur Date : 28th July,2020

POLYWOOD PROFILES PRIVATE LIMITED **CASH FLOW STATEMENT** For the year ended on 31st March, 2020 For the year ended For the year ended Particulare 31 March, 2020 31 March, 2019 CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Profit before tax as per Profit & Loss Statement 28136006 26695889 Adjusted for: Depreciation and amortization expenses 5120614 5986643 Profit on sales of fixed assets (8962) Finance Costs 2637054 2819385 Interest Income (436421 (162538) 7321247 8634528 Operating profit before working capital changes 35457254 35330418 Adjustement for : (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables (2949690) (8464643) (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories (355414) (4806196) (Increase) / Decrease in Other Assets (30665876) 1223809 (Decrease) / Increase in Trade Payables 4002501 (2711141)(Decrease) / Increase in Provisions 767178 331111 (Decrease) / Increase in Other Liabilities (3108160) (1568894) (32219460) (15995954) Cash generated from / (used in) operations 3237794 19334464 Direct Taxes paid (6939768) (5869981 Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities - (A) (3701974) 13454483 8. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for Property, plant and equipment and Capital work in progress and Investment properties (615151) (6307178) Sale of Tangable Fixed Asset 2482312 Interest income 436421 162538 Net cash generated from/(used in) Investing Activities - (B) (178730)(3662328) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Non-Current borrowings Repayment of Non-Current borrowings (81908) Net Increase/(decrease) in Current borrowings 6665185 (6777945) Interest paid (2637054) (2819385)Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities - (C) 4028130 (9679238 Net Increase/(decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) 147426 122916 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 360192 237276 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 507.618 360192 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprises: Cash on band 298942 129439 Balances with banks (i) In current accounts 133423 160603 (ii) In fixed deposit accounts 75253 70150 Total 507.618 360192 In terms of our report attached 🔊 For Singhal R. & Associates 148 Chartered Accountants ! MANGAL MANGAL MIHAR GOPA DURA BYE PAGS ROAD For PÒCYWOOD PROFILES PVT LTD Firm Regn. No. 007808CC JAIPUR-302013 (RAHUL KUMAR JAIN) ATUL KUMAR JAIN) (ANITA DHABRIYA) Partner **ED ACTUS** Director Director M. No. 421586 Din No. 01862747 Din No. 00359317 UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159 Place : Jaipur Date : 28th July 2020

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2020

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Polywood Profiles Private Limited ('The Company') is a Private Limited Company domiciled and incorporated in India in 2006. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dhabriya Polywood Limited, whose equity shares are listed at the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). It is headquartered in Coimbatore in Tamilnadu and having its manufacturing unit at Coimbatore. The Company is one of the leading manufacturer & suppliers of Extruded PVC Profile Sections in the Southern India, which all are developed & produced on Save Trees concept as a wood-substitute products for various uses of furniture & furnishing i.e. Doors, windows, partitions, false ceiling, cabinets, furniture units etc.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF PREPERATION AND PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

B. CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current/Non-Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

C. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Sale of Goods: Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Sales of products is net of Goods and Service Tax.

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods nor it exercises effective control over the goods and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. The timing of the transfer of risks and rewards varies depending on the individual terms of the sales arrangements.

Income from Services: Revenue from sale of services are recognized when services are rendered and related costs are incurred. Income from services is also net of Goods and Service Tax.

Other Income: Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the amount of income tanh becomes used reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective rate applicable, which is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected file of the financial assets to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

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D. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

On transition to Ind AS the Company has adopted the optional exemption under Ind AS 101 to use the carrying value of the Property, plant and equipment as the deemed cost. Subsequently Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. For this purpose, cost includes deemed cost which represents the carrying value of property, plant and equipment recognized as at 1st April, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP. Cost of acquisition or construction is inclusive of freight, duties, relevant taxes, incidental expenses and interest on loans attributable to the acquisition of qualifying assets, up to the date of commissioning of the assets. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for qualifying assets, upto the date of commissioning of the assets. All repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use.

Capital work-in-progress - Assets which are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on the Written Down Value Method on the basis of useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation on additions and deletion during the year has been provided on pro rata basis with reference to the date of addition and deletion. The residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of profit and loss within other income or other expenses, as applicable.

E. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss will be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) isincreased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss. Provision for impairment will be reviewed periodically and amended depending on changes in circumstances.

F. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The functional currency of the Company is Indian rupee. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are normally recorded on initial recognition at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction. Monetary items (i.e. liabilities and assets etc.) denominated in foreign currency at the year-end are translated at the functional currency closing rate of exchange at the reporting date.

Any income or expenses on account of exchange difference either on settlement of monetary items or on reporting these items at rates different from rates at which these were initially recorded / reported in previous financial statements are recognized as income / expense in the statement of profit and loss except in cases where they relate to acquisition of fixed assets in which case they are adjusted to the carrying cost of such assets.

G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of presentation in the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts, if any are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

for the year ended March 31, 2020

H. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment, if any,

I. INVENTORIES

Raw materials, Packing Materials, stores, spares & consumables, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of raw materials, packing materials comprises cost of purchases, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable expenses related to inventories. Cost of raw materials, packing materials, stores, spares & consumables is determined on a first in first out method. Cost of work-inprogress and finished goods comprises materials and appropriate proportion of all variable and fixed overhead expenditures, which is allocated on a systematic basis.

Costs of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts, if any. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

J. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

K. BORROWING

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period,

L. BORROWING COST

Borrowing Costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction and production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized in Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

M. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Short Term Employee Benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Post-Employment Benefits Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions to a separate entity. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund (PF) and Employee State Insurance (ESI) to the eligible employees. The Company's contribution is recognized as employee benefit expenses in Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the Company at the time of retirements death, while in employment or on termination of employment or otherwise as per the provisions of The Payment of Circluity Act, 1972. Company accounts for liability of future gratuity benefits bases on an external actuarial valuation projected unit credit method carried out annually for assessing liability as at the balance sheet data CAL

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N. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in statement of profit and loss.

FINANCIAL ASSETS

Initial recognition and measurement:

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognized at fair value. All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortized cost or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) depending on the classification of the financial assets. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheetwhether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognizes lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses, if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Classification as equity

Equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in statement of profit and loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortized cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit or loss. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortized cost, using the effective interest method.

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest expense are included in the 'Finance costs' line item. The effective interest ruethod is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on keitial recognition.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or Modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

O. INCOME TAXES

Current Income Tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss i.e. in other comprehensive income or equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the reporting date. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss i.e. in other comprehensive income.

P. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow may be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as aprovision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursements will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed after evaluation of the facts and legal aspects of the matter involved, in line with the provisions of Ind AS 37. The Company records a liability for any claims where a potential loss probable and capable of being estimated and discloses such matters in its financial statements, if material. For potential losses that are considered possible, but not probable, the Company provides disclosures in the financial statements but does not record a liability in its financial statements unless the loss becomes probable.

Q. EARNING PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the current year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The number of shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average share considered for calculating basic earnings per share, and also the weighted average number of shares, which would have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at later date. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus stares as appropriate.

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R. OPERATING CYCLE

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

3. CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key judgements and estimations concerning the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in future are:

(i) Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:

Useful life and residual value are determined by the management based on a technical evaluation considering nature of asset, past experience, estimated usage of the asset, vendor's advice etc and same is reviewed at each financial year end.

(ii) Taxation :

Tax expense is calculated using applicable tax rate and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted. In arriving at taxable profit and all tax bases of assets and liabilities, the Company determines the taxability based on tax enactments, relevant judicial pronouncements and tax expert opinions, and makes appropriate provisions which includes an estimation of the likely outcome of any open tax assessments / litigations, if any. Any difference is recognized on closure of assessment or in the period in which they are agreed.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation and unused tax credits could be utilized.

(iii) Impairment of investments:

The Company reviews it's carrying value of long-term investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and other companies carried at cost at the end of each reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

4. Property, Plant & Equipment and Capital Work-in-progress

O and 31st March, 2019 Cross Carrying Amount Cross Carrying Amount Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Depreciation Net Carrying Amount Accumulated Depreciation Net Carrying Amount Accumulated Depreciation Net Carrying Amount Accumulated Depreciation Disposals / As at 31 March, As at 31 Ma	Leasehold Land	As at 31st March, 202 Particulars
Amount Accumulated Depreciation Disposals f As at 31 at 01 April, at 01 April, assets Assets Accumulated Depreciation Eliminated on Disposals f Depreciation Disposals f As at 31 March, As at 31 Ma		As at 31st March, 2020 and 31st March, 2019 Particulars
Amount Accumulated Depreciation Disposals f As at 31 at 01 April, at 01 April, assets Assets Accumulated Depreciation Eliminated on Disposals f Depreciation Disposals f As at 31 March, As at 31 Ma	Bafance as at 01 April, 2019	
Accumulated Depreciation As at 31 Balance as Depreciation As at 31 Balance as Depreciation Disposals / As at 31 March, 2020 March, 2020 Accumulated Depreciation Eliminated on Disposals / As at 31 March,	Additions / Adjustments	Gross Carryin
Accumulated Depreciation Balance as Depreciation Net Carrying A Eliminated on at 01 April, Disposals / 2019 for the year discard of 2020 2020 M	discard of assets	Amount
Accumulated Depreciation Eliminated on Disposals / As at 31 March, of the year discard of 2020 Net Carrying A	As at 31 March, 2020	70.44
Accumulated Depreciation Eliminated on Disposals / As at 31 March, of the year discard of 2020 Net Carrying A	Balance as at 01 April, 2019	
As at 31 March, As at 31 March, 2020 2020 Net Carrying A	preciation the year	Accumulate
As at 31 March, As at 31 March, 2020 2020 Net Carrying A	Disposals / discard of	Depreciation
⊼ ≥	As at 31 March, 2020	
A. 1 1		Net Carrying A

				racte 19.	31, 2020. Refe	y as at March	or me compa			as an march 31, 2020, Refer dole 19
						OV TO NA BANK	of the Compa	ain borrowings	uity against cen	sic adaption in the peen pleaged as secu
1253062	0	0	-							(i) Property plant and agricing the
				0	0	0	1724998	471936	1253062	
3/212850	64400600	-110000								Capital Work-in-progress
	22000	21700628	0	5120614	16580014	1101000				
						55551077	2	1868213	53792864	
50187	50303	101151								TOTAL
00000	50000	107707	0	58876	138831	010007				
389888	311707	229886	C	50000		355040	5	6696	189018	
55562	40.744	14040	,	57050	171927	541593	C		V. 1. V. J. V. V. J. V.	Computers
	44054	192921	0	21308	171013	100			503179	- C-12-C-1
33347793	28702081	20012754	9			237176			23/175	Vehicles
75077115	000001	200.035	0	4771935	15290819	467 14635				Furtillure & Fixtures
3177003	4636554	1067360	0	450007		10711001			48638612	
207550	207550				150308	5703914	<u>~</u>	1724998	0160780	Plant & Equipment
		2	0	2	0	707550		Ţ	303030	CONTRACT
			assets						207550	David Cong
March, 2019	2020	2020	discard of	Of the year	2019		assets			Leasehold Land
As at 31	As at 31 March,	As at 31 March, As at 31 March,	DISPOSAIS /	Depreciation	at 01 April,	March 2020	discard of	Adjustments	01 April, 2019 Adjustments	
			_5		Balance as	As at 31	L'isposats /	Additions /	Balance as at	
Amount	Net Carrying Amount		ord population	1000			?			Particulars



Particulars	As at 31 Ma	rch. 2020	4	1 Marak Casa
A. Investment in Government Securities	No. of Units	Amount	No. of Unit	1 March, 2019 s Amour
[(Unquoted, valued at amortised nost)				
- National Saving Certificates	_	2500	0	-
Total				
6 Loans - Non Course /		2500	01	
6. Loans - Non-Current (Unsecured, Considered Good)				
Particulars			As at 31 Marc	h, As at 31 Ma
Securitye Deposits Loans to Body Corporates			2020 26207	2019
			299584	
Total			225704	
7. Inventories			325791	75 253
Particulars				
At Lower of cost or net realization value :		,	As at 31 Marc	
Raw Malerials			2020	2019
Stock in Progress and semi-finished poods			1254716	i4 1134:
Finished Goods - Manufactured Finished Goods - Traded			614069	7 474
Consumables Items , Stores and Spare Parts			382668 300871	
Torio and opare Pars			22513	
Total				
3. Trade Receivables			2574838	3 25397
Particulars				
		,	As at 31 March	
Unsecured, considered good : Trade Recoivables			2020	2019
			3053000	
		ı	39536621	36586
. Cash and Cash Equivalents	realized in the ordinary o	ourse of busine		
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if . Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars	realized in the ordinary o		39536621 rss. As at 31 March,	36586 As at 31 Mar
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand	realized in the ordinary c		39536621 ss.	36586
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents priculars sh and Cash Equivalents: Cash on hand Balances with banks	realized in the ordinary c		39536621 rss. As at 31 March,	36586 As at 31 Mar 2019
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if . Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents: () Cash on hand () In current accounts	realized in the ordinary c		39536621 rss. As at 31 March, 2020 298942	36586 As at 31 Mar 2019
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if . Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand) Balances with banks	realized in the ordinary c		39536621 rss. As at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423	36586 As at 31 Mar 2019 1294 1606
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if . Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents: () Cash on hand () In current accounts	realized in the ordinary c		39536621 49 at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253	As at 31 Mar 2019 129- 1606 701
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand) Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts	realized in the ordinary c		39536621 rss. As at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423	As at 31 Mar 2019 129- 1606 701
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents: Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) in current accounts (ii) in fixed deposit accounts Total Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good)		A	39536621 48 at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253 507618	36586 As at 31 Mar 2019 129- 1606 701
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents; Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) ticulars	realized in the ordinary o	A	39536621 rss. as at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253 507618	As at 31 Mar 2019 129- 1606 701 3601
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents; Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) ticulars		A	39536621 49 at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253 507618 s at 31 March, 2020	36556 As at 31 Mar 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents: Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current {Unsecured, Considered Goodle rticulars		A	39536621 298942 133423 75253 507618 8 at 31 March, 2020 488000	36566 As at 31 Mar 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 5110
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand) Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Cycol) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total		A	39536621 49 at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253 507618 s at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 Mar 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 5110
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents: Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) In current accounts Total Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) Iticulars Furty & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets		A	39536621 298942 133423 75253 507618 8 at 31 March, 2020 488000	As at 31 Mar 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 5110
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand) Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets liculars		A	39536621 395366	36566 As at 31 Mar 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 3601 51100
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents: (Cash on hand (Balances with banks (I) in current accounts (II) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars moe With Government Authorities		A	39536621 rss. 39 at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253 507618 s at 31 March, 2020 488000 at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 Marc 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 51100 As at 31 Marcl 2019
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand) Balances with banks (i) In current accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars ance With Government Authorities ance With Government Authorities and Advances recoverable in cash		A	39536621 395366	As at 31 Marc 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 51100 As at 31 Marc 2019 5219 54863
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents: (Cash on hand (Balances with banks (I) in current accounts (II) in fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars ance With Government Authorities		A	39536621 39536621 39536621 3963621 3963621 39642 133423 75253 507618 s at 31 March, 2020 488000 488000 at 31 March, 2020 900 812426	As at 31 Marc 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 51100 As at 31 Marc 2019 5486; 77812;
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents; Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) In current accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars moe With Government Authorities or Advances recoverable in cash		A	39536621 39536621 39536621 396366	As at 31 Marc 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 51100 As at 31 Marc 2019 5486 77812
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if I. Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand) Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total O. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) riculars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars are With Government Authorities are Advances recoverable in cash Total Other Current Assets		As	39536621 SS. As at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253 507618 s at 31 March, 2020 488000 488000 at 31 March, 2020 900 612426 813326	As at 31 Mar 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 Marc 2019 51100 As at 31 Marcl 2019 5486 77812:
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars asish and Cash Equivalents:) Cash on hand) Balances with banks (i) In current accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars are Advances recoverable in cash Total Other Current Assets Cother Current Assets		As	39536621 SS. As at 31 March, 2020 298942 133423 75253 507618 s at 31 March, 2020 468000 468000 at 31 March, 2029 900 812426 813326	As at 31 March 2019 1294 1605 701 3601 As at 31 March 2019 51100 As at 31 March 2019 54862 778123 83298
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents; Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars are Advances recoverable in cash Total Other Current Assets iculars Other Current Assets		As	39536621 39536621 39536621 3963621 39636621 39642 133423 75253 507618 8 at 31 March, 2020 488000 488000 488000 812426 813326	As at 31 March 2019 As at 31 March 2019 1294 1606 701 3601 As at 31 March 2019 54863 778123 83298
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if I. Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents: () Cash on hand () Balances with banks () In current accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Cyodh riticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars are Advances recoverable in cash Total Other Current Assets culars Total		As	39536621 39536621 39536621 39536621 39536621 39536621 298942 133423 75253 507618 8 at 31 March, 2020 488000 488000 at 31 March, 2020 900 812426 813326 at 31 March, A2020 62223	As at 31 March 2019 As at 31 March 2019 As at 31 March 2019 51100 As at 31 March 2019 52019 54863 778123
Trade Receivables are expected to realise at least the amount at which they are stated, if Cash and Cash Equivalents articulars ash and Cash Equivalents; Cash on hand Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In fixed deposit accounts Total D. Loans - Current (Unsecured, Considered Good) rticulars curity & Other Deposits Total Other Current Financial Assets ticulars are Advances recoverable in cash Total Other Current Assets iculars Other Current Assets		As	39536621 39536621 39536621 3963621 39636621 39642 133423 75253 507618 8 at 31 March, 2020 488000 488000 488000 812426 813326	As at 31 March 2019 Sat 31 March 2019

13.	Equity	Share	Capital
-----	--------	-------	---------

Particulars	area of the area		March, 2020	As at 31 b	March, 2019
(a) Authorised		Number of shares	Amount in Rs.	Number of shares	Amount in R
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each				- United	
(b) Issued		50000	500000	50000	5000
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each			1		3,00
(c) Subscribed and fully paid up		46500	465000	46500	4650
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each					
d) Reconciliation of shares Outstanding at the beginning		46500	465000	46500	46500
and at the end of the reporting period		1	İ		
At the beginning of the period		47500			
Outstanding at the end of the period		46500	465000	46500	46500
The same of the sa		46500	465000	46500	46500
• • •		Number of	% holding in	Number of	% holding in
quity shares in the Company :			arch, 2020	As at 31 M	arch, 2019
		shares held	that class of	shares held	that class of
habriya Polywood Limited			shares		Shares
		46500	100.00%	46500	100.00%
Shares held by holding/ ultimate holding company/		, 			
their subsidiaries/ associates		46500	100.00%	46500	100,00%
Terms/rights attached to equity shares The Co	many has noty one stars		1		
Each te	mpany has only one class o ider of equity share is entit	a shares referred to	as equity shares	having a par valu	e of Rs. 10/
Compa	ider of equity share is entitley.	and in oue sole bet	share and dividen	d as and when de	clared by
There a	e no rights, preferences an	of restrictions asset			
There is no share reserved for issue under options and contract	Traco crices di	io restrictions attacl	ned to any share.	-	

14. Other Equity

Particulars		
	As at 31 Mar	ch, As at 31 March
(A) General Reserves	2020	2019
Balance at the Beginning of the Year		
Less : Gratuity Expenses Provision	569462	97 7700000
Add : Deferred Tax on Gratuity not provided for earlier	305-02	92 37809024
Add: Transfer from Retained Earnings	Ť:	0
Closing balance	207854	0
•		12101200
B) Retained Earning Account	7773174	48 56946292
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	ł	
Add: Profit for the year		
Add: Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of income tax	207222	0 0
of the complete secure for the year, net of income tax	2070898	
	7647	149736
Less : Transfer to General Reserve	2078545	£ 50497000
Closing balance	(2078545	10157200
Total	12010545	(19137268)
Total	7773174	8 56946303

15. Borrowings - Non-Current

Particulars .		
	As at 31 March,	As at 31 March
SECURED - At Amortised Cost	2020	2019
Term Loan from Banks		2019
Less : Current maturities of term loans		
1000	Į v	
Vehicle Loans	0	
Less : Current maturities of vehicle loans	0	
NSECURED - At Amortised Cost	0	
	<u> </u>	
From Directors		
From Corporates		
and a special control	0	(
	0	1
Total	0	

16. Other Financial Liabilites - Non-Current

	Particulars		
	Transferences de	As at 31 March,	As at 31 March,
	Trade/ security depsorts received	2020	2019
į	S. R. & de	0	0
•	Total		
		0	0

17. Provisions - Non-Current	As at 31 March,	As at 31 March,
Particulars	2020	2019
Provision for Employee Benefits : Grafuity Provision	1590718	1549322
Total	1590718	1549322
8. Deferred tax liablities (net)	As at 31 March,	As at 31 March,
Particulars	2020	2019
ax effect of Items constituting deferred tax liability:	2412907	2830056
Property, Plant & Equipments	2412907	
ax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets :	(547159)	(442870)
Provision for Gratuity	(547159)	(442870)
Net Deferred Tax Linbility	1865748	2387186
to Barraning Current		
19. Borrowings - Current		As at 31 March,
Particulars	2020	2019
SECURED - At Amorised Cost Working Capital Loans From Banks Cash Credit / Overdraft Facility	26190464	19525279
	26190464	19525279
Total Cash Credit Limits from HDFC Bank Ltd. is secured against equitable mortgage / hypothecation on a	all the immovable and movable properties of	the Companies,
nventory and book debts, both present and future.	Annual Control of the	
20. Trade Payables	As at 31 March	As at 31 March,
articulars	2020	2019
frade payables Total Outstanding dues of Micro and small enterprises	3302448	2721705
otal Outstanding dues of Micro and Small enterprises Others	1184662	8334863
Total	15149069	11056568
NEW TOTAL TO		
21. Other Financial Liabilites - Current	As at 21 March	, As at 31 March
articulars .	2020	2019
Current maturities of Term Loans	•	
Current maturities of Vehicle Loans Statutory Remittances	109132	- 1
Other Payables	160763	1766420
Total	269695	8 2567983
AND THE PARTY OF T		
22. Other Current Liabilites	Ac at 34 March	As at 31 March
Particulars	2020	2019
Credit Balances of Receivables	247325	1 4067672
Yota)	247325	1 4067672
23. Provisions - Current	Ac at 31 March	, As at 31 March
Particulars	2020	2019
Provision for Expenses Provision for Employee Benefints - Gratuity	508971 \$ 25158	
Total	534130	5 461552
24. Income Taxes		
) Income Tax Expenses	For the year	For the year
articulars	ended	ended
	31 March, 202	0 31 March, 201
Current Tax : - Current Tax	770000	7360000
- Tax pertaining to earlier years	27418	5 256892
eferred Tax	(54715)	9) 91466
Total : 767 143	7427029	7708351
7.3 77.77773		

A reconcilication of income tax expenses applicable to accounting profit bate

Particulars	For the yea	For the yea
Profit before tax	31 March, 20	20 31 March, 20
Enacted tax rate in India including surcharge / cess, if any	2813600 25.168	
Expected income tax expenses at statutory tax rate	708127	
Tax Impact on account of Depreciation under income tax act		
Expenses allowed only on payment basis	23085 8874	1
Others	29913	
Tax expenses pertaining to current year Effective Income Tax Rate	770000 27.367	0 73600
b) Current Tax Liability (Net)	41.507	% 27.57
Particulars		h, As at 31 Mar
Provision for Income Tax	2020 770000	2019 73600
Less : Advance Tax and TDS Net Provision for Income Tax	666558	
Total	103441	17 1746
25. Revenue From Operations	1 10344	1746
Particulars	For the year	For the year
TO UV UPAS	ended	ended
Sale of Products (A)	31 March, 202	0 31 March, 20
Sale of Products	30592456	2569896
Sale of Services (B)	305924567	2569896
nstallation and Fixing Income	2049967	185696
Total(A+B)	307974534	
6. Other Income		
articulars	For the year	For the yea
	ended	ended 31 March, 20
terest income	436421	
preign Exchange Gains (Net) rofit on sales of Machinery	0	1
Total	436421	
7. Cost of Material Consumed	430421	20602
articulars	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended
ventory at the beginning of the year	31 March, 2020 11343891	31 March, 20 1011414
d: Purchases during the year	196743023	
ss: Inventory at the end of the year	208086915	16306971
Total	12547164	
3. Purchase of Stock in Trade	195539751	15172582
	For the year	For the year
rticulars	ended	ended
chase of Trading Goods	31 March, 2020	31 March, 201
	4179835	6472928
Total	4179835	6472928
. Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, W.I.P. & Stock in Trade		
ticulars	For the year	For the year
	ended 31 March, 2020	ended
intories at the end of the year: shed Goods - Manufactured	0 1 March, 2020	31 march, 201
shed Goods - Trading	3826682	3196912
es & spare Parts	3008710 225130	5854932
≭ In Process and Semi Finished goods	6140697	250000 4747234
ntories at the beginning of the year:	13201219	14049078
shed Goods - Manufactured	3400040	*****
shed Goods - Trading es & spare Paris	3196912 5854932	3390926 1132992
1 14 m 40 6 1	250000	250000
k in Process and Semi Finished goods		
k In Process and Semi Finished goods AL Net (Increase) / decrease / S/MANGAL (INFO)	4747234 14049078	5698713 10472631

30. Employees Be	The transfer of the transfer o		less of	For the year anded	For the year ended
Particulars	ap Tourist			31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
Salary, Wages and Bonus	atc to Employage	 		30338429	26134321
Contributions to Provident I				394653	386161
Remuneration to Directors	ULIU			5100000	5100000
Gratuity				659447	606706
Staff Welfare Expenses				1498562	1377553

31. Finance Cost				For the year	For the year ended
Particulars				31 March, 2020	
Interest expense				2481901	2762617
Bank Charges & other financial charges				88128	56768
Foreign Exchange Flectution Charges				67025	0
Poreign Exchange Frecunity Charges	Tota	ıl	 	2637054	2819385

			 5.1		For the year anded	For the year ended
Particulars :			 		31 March, 202	0 31 March, 201
epreciation on Property, Pla	nt and Equipment		 	 	512061	1 5986643
-			 	 		
		Total			512061	598664

33. Other Expenses	For the year	For the year
Particulars	ended	ended
· ·	31 March, 202	0 31 March, 2011
Manufacturing Expenses		
Power & Fuel Expenses	16384945	
Factory Expenses	33932	
Carriage Inward	263445	
Machine Repair and Maintenance	7226810	
Electric Repair and Maintenance	133449	
Installation Expenses	70774	
•	27426726	28410813
Office & Administrative Expenses		
Audil Fee	35000	
Office and Other expenses	14399	
Telephone & Mobile Expenses	16213	
Vehicle Repair and Maintenance	40530	
Legal & Professional charges	35821	
Registration and Filing Fees	1328	
Rates, Rent and taxes	124425	
Donation Expenses	1004	
Conveyance Expenses	1267-	
nsurance expenses	19600	
Building Repair and Maintenance	13927	
Postage and Couner Expenses	3090	
Printing & Stationery Expenses	9681	
Software Expenses	6356	5850
Computer Repair & Maintenance	2000	26950
	286521	256609
Selling & Distribution Expenses		
Freight Outward	253092	5 2216914
Advertisement & Sales Promotion Expenses	29482	
Fravelling Expenses	72240	
Discount & Incentive on sales		410554
Commission of Sales	11864	9 378640
	366580	
Total	3395874 3395874	6 3532368

37991091

34. Earning Per Share

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
(a) Net Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit & Loss	20708980	16987532
(b) Net Profit available to Equity Shareholders	20708980	18987532
(c) Number of equity shares at year end	46500	46500
(d) Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares	46500	46500
(e) Basic / Diluted Earning per Share (b)/(d) (f) Face value per equity share	445.35	408.33
triff acc value per equity strate	10.00	10.00

35. Employee Benefits

a) Contribution to Provident Fund and Employees State Insurance
Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans, recognized as an expenses for the year is as under:

Particulars	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	For the year ended 31st	For the year ended 31st
Employer's contribution to provident fund (includes pension fa		March, 2020	March, 2019
employer a postarodator to provident rund (includes pension to	una)	394653	386161

b) Gratuity

The following table summarizes the components of expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet according to Actuarial Report:

Particulars	31st March, 2020	31st March, 2019
Amounts Recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss		0 + St Miarch, 2019
a. Current Service Cost	548013	50450
b. Interest on Defined Benefit Obligation	111434	50188
c. Past Service Cost	111434	10482
Total amount included in "Employee Benefit Expense" (Note 30)	659447	60070
4. Amounts Recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI)	0.53447	606706
Net comulative unrecognized actuarial Losses/ (Gains) opening		_
o. Net Actuaral Losses/ (Gains) Recognized in Year	(102197)	(
Unrecognized actuarial Losses/ (Gains) for the year	(102197)	(207449)
. Amount Recognized in Balance Sheet	(102197)	(207449
. Present Value of Unfunded Obligations	1842307	
Net Liability	1842307	1591911
. Net Liability is bifurcated as follows:	1642307	1591911
Current	251589	
Non Current	1	42589
Net Liability	1590718 1842307	1549322
. Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligations	1842307	1591911
. Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the period	4504044	
. Current Service Cost	1591911	1352577
Interest Cost	548013	501881
Actuarial Losses/ (Gain)	111434	104825
Past Service Cost - recognized th, Reserve	(102197)	(207449)
Benefits Paid	0	0
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	(306854)	(159923)
Actuarial Assumptions of the defined benefit obligations	1842307	1591911
Discount Rate (p.a.)	7.00	
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	7.00%	7.75%
	6.00%	6.00%

36. Segment Reporting
In accordance with para 4 of Ind AS 108. Operating Segments, since the company operates in one segment of activity viz. Manufacturing & Sales of Extruded PVC Profile Sections therefore no separate segement reported.

37. Contingent Liabilities

Particulars		
(a) Perference Scale Communication	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
a) Perfonance Bank Guarantees given to third	280000	000000
parties for contractual obligations	200000	280000
	i l	

38. Related Party Disclosures

2) Polisted Posting and their relationship	
a) Related Parties and their relationship	
I. Holding Company	
Dhabriya Polywood Limited	
II. Key Management Personnels	<u> </u>
* Mr. Shreyansh Dhabriya, Director	· ·
* Mrs.Anita Dhabriya, Director	
Mr. Atul Jain, Director	,
III. Enterprises over which Key Managerial Personnels are	e able to exercise significant influence (
Dynasty Modular Furnitures Pvt, Ltd.	R. 4
Polywood India Limited	A PART OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE P
Polywood Green Building Systems Pvt, Ltd.	163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163
	1:01 600

b) Transactions with related parties for the Nature of Transactions	Holding	Company	Enterprises over which KMP exercise significate Influence / control		Key Management Personnel and their relatives	
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
Remoneration to Key Management Personnels		0	0	0	5100000	5100000
Interest Payment		0	O	O	0	415692
Interest Received	248795	0	38356	0	0	
Sales of Goods	4809919	11101270	14309895	10297878	- 0	- C
Purchase of Goods	3362255	7602725	69771	44924	0	
Purchase of Property, plant and equipment	18500	1135397	0	0	0	
Other Expenses	2709828	1929350	0	0	0	(
Balance as at 31st March	<u> </u>					
Non-current Assets - Loans	9923915	0	20034520	0	0	(
Provisions - Current	0	0	0	0	42160	216756
Other Current Liabilities	0		0		18937	54325
Trade Receivables	3306512	0	6318998	5740652	0	(

39. Financial Instruments

a. Capital Risk Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in the financial condition and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders (buy back its shares) or issue new shares.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. The Company has complied with these covenants and there have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowings. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio which is net debt divided to total equity. Net debt includes, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivelents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents.

Particulars	As at 31	As at 31
្ត្រី	March, 2020	March, 2019
Long term borrowings	. 0	0
Current maturities of long term debt	0	0
Short term borrowings	26190464	19525278
Less : Cash and cash equivalents	(507618)	(360192)
Less : Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	0	0
Net Debt	25682846	19165087
Total Equity	78196748	57411292
Gearing Ratio	0.33	0.33

b. Categories of financial instruments			
		As at 31 M	arch, 2020
Particulars	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Carrying	Fair Value
		Value	

1 dipodina	Value		Value	
Financial Assets				
Measured at amortised cost				
Loans	33067175	33067175	3044889	3044889
Other Financial Assets	813326	813326	832986	832986
Trade Receivables	39536621	39536621	36586931	36586931
Cash and Cash equivalents	507618	507618	360192	360192
Non current Investment	2500	2500	2500	2500
Total Financial Assets at amortised cost (A)	73927240	73927240	40827498	40827498
Measured at Fair Value through other comprehensive income (B)	0	0	0	0
Measured at fair value through profit and loss (C)	0	0	0	0
Total Financial Assets (A+B+C)	73927240	73927240	40827498	40827498
Financial Liabilities				

Measured at amortised cost					
Long Term Borrowings		0	0]	0	0
Current Maturities of Long Term Borrowings		C	0	0	0
Short Term Borrowings	3 3 mmag	26190464	26190464	19525278	19525278
Trade Pavables	TRUMP.	² উলু 5 149069	15149069	11056568	11056568
Other Financial Liabilities	137	(2698958	2698958	2567983	2567983
Total Financial Liabilities carried at amortised cost	16/ 140	<i>.</i> 44038491	44038491	33149829	33149829
	-	**************************************			

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As at 31 March, 2019

Carrying

Fair Value

b. Financial Risk Management objects and policies

In its ordinary operations, the company's activities expose it to the various types of risks, which are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it operates. The Company has a risk management policy which covers the foreign exchanges risks and other risks associated with the financial assets and liabilities such as interest rate risks and credit risks. The risk management policy is approved by the board of directors. The following is the summary of the main risks.

Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk that the rair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the change in the market prices. The Company is exposed in the ordinary course of its business to risks related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and interest rates.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair value of fixed interest-bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest-bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term dobt obligations.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the USD related to the imports of its raw material and capital assets. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency (INR).

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of credit worthiness as well as concentration risks.

Company's credit risk arise principally from the trade receivables and advances. Customer credit risk is managed centrally by the Company and subject to established policy, procedures and control relating to the customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on financial position, past performance, business/economic conditions, market reputation, expected business etc. Based on that credit limit and credit terms are decided. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers spread across diverse industries and geographical areas with no significant concentrations of credit risk. The outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and appropriate action is taken for collection of overdue receivables.

Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Expected contractual maturity for financial liabilities:

Particulars	Less Than 1	1 to 5 years	More than 5	Total
As at March 31, 2020			years	
Borrawings	2619046 4	0;	0	26190464
Trade and Other payables Other Financial Liabilities	15149069	o	0	15149069
Total	2698958	0	0	2698958
As at March 31, 2019	44038491	0	0	44038491
Borrowings Trade and Other payables	19525278	0	0	19525278
Other Financial Liabilities	11056568 2567983	0	0	11056568 2567983
Total	33149829	0	0	33149829

40. Details of Dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises

Based on and to the extent of information available with the Company under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the relevant particulars as at reporting date are furnished below:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Principal amount due to suppliers as at the end of the year	3302448	
interest accrued and due to suppliers on the above amount as at the end of the	3302448	2721705
The amount of Interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year.	0	. [
The amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED ACt, 2006	0	C
he amount of Interest accured and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	0	0
he amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding ears, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small interprises, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under ection 23 of the MSMED Act. 2006	0	0
otal	- T K	
ues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties	2 6 8302448	2721705

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41. Other Notes

(a) In March 2020, the World Health Organisation declared COVID-19 a global pandemic. Consequent to this, Government of India declared a nation-wide lockdown from 24th March 2020, which has impacted normal business operations of the Company. The Company has assessed the impact of this pandemic on its business operations and has considered all relevant internal and external information available up to the date of approval of these financial statements, to determine the impact on the Company's revenue from operations for foreseeable future and the recoverability and carrying value of certain assets such as property, plant and equipment, investments, inventories and trade receivables etc. The impact of Covid-19 pandemic on the overall economic environment being uncertain may affect the underlying assumptions and estimates used to prepare Company's financial statements, which may differ from that considered as at the date of approval of these financials statements. The Company has resumed its business activities by reopening of manufacturing unit and sales points, in line with the guidelines issued by the Government authorities, taken steps to strengthen its liquidity position and initiated cost restructuring exercise. However the Company does not anticipate any challenges in its ability to continue as going concern or meeting its financial obligations. As the situation is unprecedented, while the lockdown is gradually lifting, the Company is yet closely monitoring the situation as it evolves in the future.

- (b) Company does not have any long-term contract including derivative contract for which there are any material forseable losses.
- (c) There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
- (d) Previous year figures have been reworked, regrouped, rearragned and reclassified, wherever necessary.

42. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 28th July, 2020.

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JAIPUR-302018

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In terms of our report attached

For Singhal R. & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 007808C

(RAHUL XUMAR JAIN)

Partner M. No. 421586

UDIN: 20421586AAAAAY5159

Place : Jaipur

Date : 28th July, 2020

For POLYWOOD PROFILES PVT LTD

(ATUL KUMAR JAIN) Director

Din No. 01862747

(ANITA DHABRIYA)

. Director

Din No. 00359317